The Chinese University of Hong Kong The Centre for Quality of Life Results of the Quarterly Survey (June 2013) on Public Perception of the Economic Conditions

The Centre for Quality of Life at The Chinese University of Hong Kong (CUHK) conducted a survey on the public perception of the economic conditions from June 25 to 27, 2013. A total of 503 Hong Kong residents aged 18 or above took part in the survey and answered questions about their family financial situation, their perception towards the business environment, the economic outlook, as well as their sentiment over consumption.

Table 1 presents the survey questions and results conducted in March 2013 and June 2013 respectively. It was revealed that 22% of the respondents said their families were financially "worse off" than a year ago, which showed a decrease by 1 percentage point compared to the survey result in March 2013, while 15% said that they were "better off" than a year ago, showing no difference from the survey result in March. 61% said "the same", increased by 1 percentage point compared with the March survey while 2% said they "don't know or it's difficult to tell", remained the same as the March survey result.

On consumer confidence, 19% of the respondents thought it was a good time to buy major household goods, while 50% said the opposite and 32% said they "don't know or it's difficult to tell". Comparing with the findings in March, those saying "yes" increased by 1 percentage point the same while those saying "no" decreased by 2 percentage point.

In the coming year, 21% of the respondents anticipated that they would be financially "worse off", increased by 2 percentage points from the March survey. 17% anticipated their families would be "better off", just like the previous survey. Those anticipated that they would be "the same" accounted for 52% of the respondents, decreased by 5 percentage points.

54% and 31% of the respondents expected the business environment of Hong Kong in the coming year would be "mediocre" and "bad" respectively. 9% of the respondents perceived the business environment would be "good" in the coming year. Comparing with the March survey, those saying "bad" increased by 4 percentage points while those saying "good" decreased by 1 percentage point.

24% of the respondents said they were "optimistic" and 37% found themselves "pessimistic" about the economic conditions of Hong Kong for the coming five years. Comparing with the results in March, those saying "optimistic" increased by 1 percentage point while those saying "pessimistic" increased by 6 percentage points.

The survey also found that 32% of the respondents expected the employment situation would "deteriorate" in the coming year and 14% thought it would "improve". Comparing with the March survey, those choosing "deteriorate" increased by 3 percentage points and those choosing "improved" remained the same. 44% expected the employment situation would remain "unchanged", decreased by 4 percentage points compared with the March survey.

Indices of Consumer Confidence, Consumer Sentiment and Employment Confidence are reported in Table 2.

The Index of Consumer Confidence is compiled from the scores of questions number 3, 4 and 5. The higher the index, the stronger is people's confidence about economic conditions.

The Index of Consumer Sentiment is compiled from the scores of questions number 1 to 5. A higher index indicates people are more optimistic about the present situation and future development of economic conditions.

The Index of Employment Confidence is compiled from the score of the sixth question. A higher index shows a stronger confidence about employment situation.

For the first two indices, the baseline is January 2000 (index = 100). For the Index of Employment Confidence, the baseline is February 2000 (index = 100).

The Indices of Consumer Confidence and Consumer Sentiment in June 2013 were 66.0 and 76.2 respectively, dropped by 12.9% and 7.9% from the March 2013 survey.

The Index of Employment Confidence was 72.5, decreased by 2.5% from the previous result, indicating a negative outlook towards the employment market conditions among the residents.

Media enquiries:

Professor Chong Tai Leung Terence

Member of The Centre for Quality of Life,

Executive Director of the Institute of Global Economics and Finance, and Associate Professor, Department of Economics CUHK chong2064@cuhk.edu.hk

Table 1

	Survey questions	Answer	March 2013	June 2013	Change in percentage point(s)
問題一	與一年前比較,你和家人目前的財	變好	15%	15%	不變
	政狀況是變好、變壞或跟一年前一	變壞	23%	22%	-1
	樣?	跟一年前一樣	60%	61%	+1
		唔知道/好難講	2%	2%	不變
問題二	你認為現在是否購買主要家庭用品	係	18%	19%	+1
	(如傢具、電視機、冰箱、煮食爐等)	唔係	52%	50%	-2
	的好時機?	唔知道/好難講	29%	32%	+3
問題三	展望未來一年,你認為你和家人的財	變好	17%	17%	不變
	政狀況將會變好、變壞或跟現在一	變壞	19%	21%	+2
	樣?	跟現在一樣	57%	52%	-5
		唔知道/好難講	7%	10%	+3
問題四	展望未來一年,你認為香港的整體營	好	10%	9%	-1
	商環境會好、差或一般?	·····································	27%	31%	+4
		一般	56%	54%	-2
		唔知道/好難講	7%	6%	-1
問題五	你對香港未來五年的整體經濟表	樂觀	23%	24%	+1
	現是樂觀、悲觀或跟現在一樣?	悲觀	31%	37%	+6
		跟現在一樣	38%	33%	-5
		唔知道/好難講	8%	7%	-1
問題六	你認為香港未來一年失業情況會改	改善	14%	14%	不變
	善,惡化或跟現在一樣?	惡化	29%	32%	+3
		跟現在一樣	48%	44%	-4
		唔知道/好難講	9%	10%	+1

Table 2

	消費者信心指數 The Index of Consumer Confidence	消費者情緒指數 The Index of Consumer Sentiment	就業信心指數 The Index of Employment Confidence
2000年1月	100	100	-
2000年 2月	101.1	103.3	100
2000年 3月	105.3	103.3	106.1
2000年 4月	97.8	99.1	100.2
2000年 5月	88.3	89.8	91.6
2000年 6月	84.1	85.6	84.7
2000年 9月	90.9	92.1	86.6
2000年 12月	89.8	91.7	88.8
2001年 3月	75.5	79.1	69.6
2001年 6月	78.0	81.3	66.1
2001年 9月	50.3	55.9	29.1
2001年 12月	70.5	77.2	45.0
2002年 3月	70.0	72.6	45.5
2002年 6月	65.5	69.4	45.0
2002年 9月	64.9	67.1	51.2
2002年 12月	70.0	72.9	77.2
2003年 3月	56.4	59.1	49.5
2003年 4月	55.0	57.4	40.9
2003年 5月	73.2	74.3	57.6
2003年 6月	70.7	73.8	47.8
2003年 9月	96.7	95.4	102.6
2003年 12月	103.4	103.2	118.8
2004年 3月	107.6	104.5	121.2
2004年 6月	99.2	100.4	114.4
2004年 9月	101.8	99.6	115.4
2004年 12月	106.1	105.2	115.6
2005年 3月	110.8	109.6	128.5
2005年 6月	114.6	112.6	129.3
2005年 9月	113.2	111.1	120.3
2005年 12月	113.7	114.7	118.1
2006年 3月	107.9	106.0	114.1
2006年 6月	109.2	109.9	116.7
2006年 9月	105.5	105.5	109.9
2006年 12月	108.9	112.2	111.2

	消費者信心指數	消費者情緒指數	就業信心指數
	The Index of	The Index of	The Index of
	Consumer Confidence	Consumer Sentiment	Employment Confidence
2007年 3月	112.1	113.7	117.3
2007年6月	115.7	116.9	112.8
2007年 9月	111.9	113.3	113.6
2007年 12月	110.4	111.8	119.5
2008年 3月	100	100.7	106.7
2008年 6月	78.4	78.1	76.5
2008年 9月	66.1	66.8	44.1
2008年 10月	59.8	61.1	22.5
2008年 12月	67.7	70.5	27.1
2009年 3月	80.9	76.9	42.8
2009年 6月	87.4	86.4	61.4
2009年 9月	96	93.6	83.4
2009年 12月	96	94.8	93.1
2010年 3月	97.8	96.3	101
2010年 6月	96.3	96.2	91.9
2010年 9月	96.3	97.2	88.7
2010年 12月	95	95.6	87.6
2011年 3月	87.2	90.3	82.6
2011年 6月	80.6	84.4	80.0
2011年 9月	74.6	76.7	69.1
2011年 12月	70.9	75.2	68.6
2012年 3 月	79.2	83.2	74.2
2012年6月	74.9	78.1	71.2
2012年9月	73.4	78.1	71.8
2012年 12 月	79.6	84.5	75.9
2013年 3 月	78.9	84.1	75.0
2013年6月	66.0	76.2	72.5
2013年 6 月較 2013年 3 月(季與	-12.9	-7.9	-2.5
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